# Wheatfield Audio

## HA-2 Tube Headphone Amplifier

#### What it is - and isn't

The Wheatfield Audio HA-2 is a vacuum-tube OTL (Output Transformer-Less) headphone amplifier. It uses two tubes, each of which has two sections (one for each channel) plus a rectifier tube in the power supply.

The first tube, a 6SN7 dual triode, acts as a class-A voltage amplifier. The second, a 6AS7G dual triode, acts as a class-A cathode follower. There is no negative feedback.

The output impedance of the amplifier is approximately 100 ohms. It is designed to drive high-quality headphones of 100 ohms impedance or greater, such as those from Sennheiser, AKG, or Beyer Dynamic. Although the HA-2 will drive lower impedance headphones (like Grados), distortion levels are higher, so we don't recommend the HA-2 for such use.

The gain of the amplifier is limited. This was done to minimize noise and distortion. But don't confuse limited *gain* with limited *output power*, the HA-2 can deliver about a half watt of power into a pair of Sennheiser HD-580's... which are rated for 80 milliwatts maximum. We hope that you don't want to damage your hearing anyway....

#### This isn't really high-end HI-FI equipment

No blue LED's.

No chrome-plated transformers.

No faux-marble paint job.

No machined-aluminum volume control knob.

The sad fact is, most high-end HI-FI equipment is as much about hype and appearance as it is about sound.

Not so with the Wheatfield Audio HA-2 headphone amp. We use expensive components where it will make an audible difference – but we don't waste money (*your* money) where it doesn't matter.

Not that the HA-2 is ugly - let's just call it's design "classic".



### Why tubes?

From an engineering perspective, even the best tube amplifiers are technically inferior to solid-state amplifiers. They introduce more noise and distortion, and have poorer frequency response than even an inexpensive solid-state amp.

So what's all this hype about tubes?

Tubes sound different.

Most audiophile-types think tubes sound better.

Perhaps it's because tube amplifiers are more "musical" – meaning that the imperfections that tube amplifiers introduce are more like the sounds that are produced by musical instruments than those producers by solid-state amps. Or because tubes don't "clip" off music peaks abruptly.

Frankly, it doesn't matter why tube amps sound better. Listen for yourself.

# Listen to tube sound without taking out a second mortgage

You can spend over \$30,000 on a tube stereo amp.

Who can afford this stuff?

If you want to experience music in a way that you've never done before, you don't have to spend all that much money.

Buy yourself a decent pair of headphones and a Wheatfield Audio HA-2 headphone amp. Hook it up to a reasonablequality CD player. And listen.

We think you'll be amazed. OK, at least pleasantly surprised.

And you'll only have to spend a few hundred dollars.

Who knows, you may be so moved by the experience that you *will* buy that \$30,000 amp....



HA-2

Front View



## HA-2

Rear View

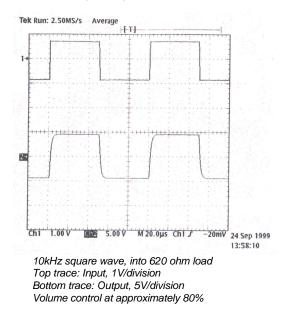


HA-2

Underside Of Chassis And PCB

### Signal integrity

Note the near-perfect response to a 10kHz square wave... no overshoot or ringing. Compare this to a transformer-coupled amplifier!



### Parts is parts...

Take a look at the picture on the opposite page. Compare it to other so-called "high-end" Hi-Fi equipment. You may notice some differences.

For example....

- ALPS 40mm "black beauty" volume control
- Massive, audiophile-type "fast" polypropylene
   output capacitors
- Polypropylene power supply capacitors for good sound, combined with electrolytic capacitors for low ripple
- Riken-ohm audiophile carbon-film resistors
- Elna Cerafine bias bypass capacitors, paralleled
  with polypropylene "fast" capacitors
- Silver-plated ceramic tube sockets

## Simplicity

The design goal of the HA-2 Headphone Amp was simple: the best sonic performance possible, at a price that average folk can afford.

- Components are placed for the best electrical characteristics, not to "look cool"
- Expensive frills those that don't affect the sound were left out
- All components are mounted on one circuit board, eliminating inconsistent and expensive handwiring

# HA-2 Headphone Amplifier

Specifications

Description

Single-ended, OTL, class-A triode amplifier Single voltage amplifier stage, single cathode follower stage DC-coupled input; capacitor-coupled output.

Tube complement

1 - Sovtek 6SN7GT voltage amplifier (one section per channel)

1 - Sovtek 6AS7G cathode follower (one section per channel)

1 - Sovtek 5U4G rectifier

Power supply Full-wave tube rectifier Capacitor-input filter with choke, using electrolytic and polypropylene capacitors AC filament supply

Dimensions 13" wide x 8.5" deep x 8" tall (including tubes)

Power requirements 120VAC 60Hz only 100 Watts

Output Impedance 100 Ohms

Maximum output level (1kHz, 5% THD) 620 ohm load: 13V RMS / 36V P-P 270 ohm load: 10.5V RMS / 30V P-P

Rated Maximum continuous output power (1kHz, 5% THD) 620 ohm load: 270mW 270 ohm load: 400mW

Total Harmonic Distortion (1kHz, 1V RMS out) 620 ohm load: < TBD % 270 ohm load: < TBD %

Voltage Gain 620 ohm load: 17dB 270 ohm load: 15dB

Frequency Response (+/- 3dB) 620 ohm load: ~10Hz – 75kHz 270 ohm load: ~15Hz – 75kHz

Ripple and Noise < 3.5mV RMS

Note: Specifications are subject to change without notice.

Available exclusively from:



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www.headphone.com

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www.headphoneamp.com

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